• Circulating Media in the Hands of the General Public, calendar years, 1960-31—concluded from p. 763.

Year.	Dominion Notes, \$1, \$2, \$4, \$5 and fractionals. ²		Totals.		
	Amount.1	Per capita.	Amount.	Per capita.	Index Number per capita. ²
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1900. 1901. 1902. 1903. 1904.	9,997,044 10,595,169 11,442,138 12,321,172 12,813,912 13,499,894	1.88 1.97 2.07 2.17 2.20 2.25	65,119,251 70,152,727 75,615,089 82,999,447 85,393,003 88,804,740	12-24 13-06 13-67 14-63 14-66 14-82	100-0 106-7 111-7 119-5 119-8 121-1
1906 1907 1908 1909	14,797,483 15,973,227 15,615,082 16,235,774 18,098,111	2·40 2·53 2·41 2·43 2·62	97,564,017 105,111,373 109,430,588 104,280,702 115,513,429	15-81 16-68 15-47 15-58 16-70	129-2 136-3 126-4 127-3 136-4
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	21,497,429 27,277,341 29,067,278 26,964,063 25,881,570	2.98 3.70 3.86 3.51 3.29	128, 171, 943 145, 469, 387 153, 360, 822 151, 253, 711 150, 819, 823	17 - 79 19 - 75 20 - 37 19 - 66 19 - 18	145-3 161-3 166-4 160-6 156-7
1916. 1917. 1918. 1919.	27,857,543 31,221,311 34,146,836 35,492,643 37,272,725	3·47 8·82 4·10 4·19 4·22	175,640,779 215,249,981 258,252,022 283,182,874 296,353,737	21 · 86 26 · 36 31 · 01 33 · 40 34 · 33	178 6 214 9 253 3 272 8 280 5
1921	33,825,582 31,888,024 33,387,155 34,332,178 32,175,284	3.85 3.58 3.71 3.76 3.46	258,748,277 228,542,645 234,043,480 230,601,549 227,540,412	29-44 25-62-6 25-98-5 25-22-6 24-49-6	
1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	32,675,174 33,689,474 35,093,625 36,811,966 36,431,368	3.465 3.506 3.576 3.673 3.576	231,603,330 235,788,751 242,793,802 247,362,478 228,126,713	24 · 51 0 24 · 47 5 24 · 69 6 27 · 67 5 22 · 35 b	200 • 2 199 • 9 201 • 7 201 • 6 182 • 6
931	36,465,462	3 · 52	211,262,353	20.36	166-8

¹Yearly averages.

*Figures supplied by the Mint as at Dec. 31 of each year, are the net issues of coinage since 1858 (see

Table 4 of this chapter, pp. 758-9).

*Per capita figures for the years 1922-30 inclusive are worked out on the basis of revised populations (see p. 110).

Section 2.-Banking in Canada.

Historical.—In the early days of banking one of the chief functions of banks was to issue promissory notes payable to the bearer on demand; where the bank's credit was good these notes passed freely from hand to hand, creating the chief circulating medium in the Canadas. In some cases in the Maritime Provinces bank notes were preferred to those issued by the Provincial Governments.

The need of a uniform circulating medium in Canada was felt by the merchants of Montreal toward the end of the eighteenth century, and the prospertus of a proposed bank of issue to be known as the Canada Banking Company was issued in 1792. This scheme, however, depended chiefly on the co-operation of British capital and was frustrated by the outbreak of war with France. A second project in 1808 for the incorporation of a Bank of Canada failed to secure the assent of the Legislature of Lower Canada.

^{*}Dominion notes of larger denominations in hands of banks are not included, but provincial notes, amounting to \$27,602 in 1930, are included.

*Per capita circulation in 1900=100.